Community Surface Water Sanitary Survey Form

Date:	Date of last survey:				
Inspector(s):					
<u>Utility Information</u>					
PWSID:					
Utility name:	Contact pers	on:			
Mailing address:	Alternate co	ntact:			
	Telephone:_				
	Fax:				
	Other phone	:			
Service Connections					
Number of metered connections	Number of u	nmetere	d conne	ctions	
Population					
Operator Information					
Utility superintendent:					
Chief operator:	Class:(circle one)	1	II	III	IV
Other operators:	Class:(circle one)	1	II	III	IV
	Class:(circle one)	1	II	III	IV
	Class:(circle one)	1	II	III	IV
	Class:(circle one)	1	II	III	IV
Distribution personnel:					
	Inspection Summary				
Violations:					
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
Recommendations/requirements:					
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					

Watershed Characteristics

General Information

Name	of source:		Sou	rce type (rive	er, lake, etc.):
Chara	cterization of the watershed:				
I.	Completely controlled: one	road	in watershed and no acc	ess except f	or district personnel
II.	Substantially controlled: ve	ery fe	w roads, limited access,	immediate s	horeline owned by watershed
III.	Moderately controlled: few	road	s in watershed, some acc	cess, shoreli	ne owned or controlled by the
	district, moderate activity				
IV.	Partially controlled: several	road	ds in watershed, controlle	d access to	source, low to moderate contro
	over watershed				
V.	Minimally controlled: many	roac	ls in watershed, little cont	rol over sho	reline, and moderate to high us
	of the watershed				
VI.	Uncontrolled: many roads in	n wat	ershed, no control over s	horeline, and	d vast use of the watershed
Raw W	ater Monitoring				
What	are the results of the system's	Giar	dia lamblia, and Cryptosp	<i>oridium</i> mor	nitoring?
Which	of the following does the water	rsys	tem routinely monitor?		
	Transparency (Secchi disk)				Temperature
	Dissolved oxygen Apparent color		Chlorophyll-a pH	<u> </u>	J
	VOC's		Pesticides	0	Herbicides
Which	n conditions change water qual	ty?			
<u>Waters</u>	hed control				
Is a sh	noreline buffer zone owned or o	ontr	olled by the utility?:		
Does	the utility have an active progra	ım fo	r watershed acquisition o	r control?: (yes/no)
Are po	ortions of the watershed contro	lled b	y land owner agreements	s or zoning?	:
Is exis	sting watershed control sufficie	nt?:_			
Is the	watershed posted as a drinking	g wa	er source?		
<u>Industr</u>	ial and Commercial Pol	lutio	on Sources		
Are th	ere any industrial discharges ir	the	watershed?: (yes/no)		
Descr	ibe operation and potential con	tami	nants:		
Δre 70	oning restrictions in place that o	ontro	ol manufacturing in the wa	atershed2: (ves/no)

Intake Rest	<u>rictions</u>		
How many	intakes are in use?Are they a	t different locations/o	depths?
Is the intak	e location and 400' no entry zone clearly mar	ked with buoys? (yes	s/no)
Do signs in	dicate that the area near the intake is a publi	c water supply?	
What type	of screen is used on the intake?		
Does the in	itake have an air scouring system? 🛭 yes 📮	no	
How often a	are intakes inspected?When was	s the last time the int	ake was inspected?
Is the inspe	ection schedule adequate? (yes/no)		
Animal Cor	ntamination Sources		
	ny zoning restrictions in place that restrict an	imal (farm) populatio	ns in the watershed?: (yes/no)
	eavers or other varmints in the watershed? ()		
	·	ŕ	, ,
Recreation	al Activities		
Is there a b	oat launch near the intake?		
Is ice fishin	g allowed on this source?		
Are motoriz	zed vehicles allowed on the water source duri	ng the winter? (yes/	no)
Are warning	gs placed near the intakes in the winter?		
List the prin	mary sources of human contamination		
<u>Mapping</u>			
Does the ut	tility have a map of the watershed delineating	contour lines, prope	rty ownership, etc?
Does the to	own office / offices w/in watershed have a wat	ershed map for plan	ning purposes?
Does the di	istrict use GIS technology for watershed mgt	?	
Watershed	notes:		
Other Sour	ces/Connections:		
	Source Name	Actively used?	Estimated Yield (GPD)
Source 1			
Source 2			
Source 3			

Treatment Plant

Design engineer:	_ Da	Date of construction:						
Production Capac	<u>ity</u>							
Average summer pro	oduction (MGD):		_ Ave	erage winter	production	(MGD):	
Max. daily production	n(MGD):_			_ De	sign flow (M	GD):		
Raw / Finished Wa	ter Pun	nping			1			
		Raw Wate	er Pumps			Finished Wa	ater Pumps	
Pump number	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
Pump capacity (GPM)								
Horsepower rating								
Type of pump								
Manufacturer								
Last service date								
Condition of pump								
VFD equipped?								
Is all rotating equipm Are NSF approved lu Emergency Prepai Are emergency back Is the generator rout Does the water syste Do backup systems Is the system's emer	redness up system inely exer em have p power ent	ns provided? cised under loump station tire plant or ju	: oad? generators ust parts? olan up to d	too?				
Notes:								

	or the litter plant indicating	source, wetwell, lillers, clear	wells, etc. Indicate che	mical injection points if possible.
		Chemicals adde	ed	
<u>Chemical</u>	<u>Name</u>	Dose (mg/l)	<u>Name</u>	Dose (mg/l)
Coagulation				
Disinfection				
Disinfection				
Disinfection Corrosion control				
Disinfection Corrosion control Fluoridation				
Disinfection Corrosion control Fluoridation Other	F / AWWA approved?	□ yes	l no	
Disinfection Corrosion control Fluoridation Other		-	l no	
Disinfection Corrosion control Fluoridation Other Are all chemicals NS Are all chemicals pro		/es □ no	ù no	
Disinfection Corrosion control Fluoridation Other Are all chemicals NS Are all chemicals pro Are chemical lines pin	perly stored?	yes □ no		
Disinfection Corrosion control Fluoridation Other Are all chemicals NS Are all chemicals pro Are chemical lines pin	perly stored?	yes □ no		
Disinfection Corrosion control Fluoridation Other Are all chemicals NS Are all chemicals pro Are chemical lines pills district staff trained	perly stored?	yes □ no yes □ no iills?		
Disinfection Corrosion control Fluoridation Other Are all chemicals NS Are all chemicals pro Are chemical lines pin Is district staff trained Is proper safety equip	perly stored?	yes □ no yes □ no ills? ?		

Wetwell, Coagulation and Rapid Mixing Wetwell Number of wetwells: Volume: __Depth (ft.):_____ Width (ft.): Length (ft.):_____ Is the wetwell protected from spilled fluids running into it?: ☐ yes ☐ no Where do floor drains go? Coagulant What type of coagulant is used? Have other types been tried? _____ Notes: Rapid Mix Type of Mixer: mechanical (____hp) □ static □ other _____ Is rapid mix rate variable? _____ Flocculation Basin Number of floc basins used: Type of mixer: paddle wheel □ turbine □ hydraulic □ other____ Current operating speed (rpm):_____ □ yes □ no Is mixing speed variable?: Depth (ft.):_____ Width (ft.):_____ Length (ft.):_____ Volume: _____ ft³ Detention time at maximum flow rate (min.):______ Describe the floc characteristics in this process: Are jar tests or streaming current detectors used to control coagulant dosing? Coagulation notes:

Sedimentation and Clarification

Sedimentation basin

Number of units installed:			
Has a T ₁₀ value been cal	culated?:		
Has a T ₁₀ value been ver	ified by tracer study?:		
Volume of each basin (ga	al):		
Depth (ft.):	Width (ft.):	Length (ft.):	
Describe the basin:			
Describe the floc in the se	ed basin:		
What is post-sedimenta	tion turbidity? NT		
<u>Clarifiers</u>			
Clarifier manufacturer:		Clarifier type:	
Number of clarifiers in use	e:	Volume of each unit (gal):	
Depth (ft.):	Width (ft.):	Length (ft.):	
	ast inspected:		
Special equipment: 🛘 La	mella plates 📮 tubes	□ other:	
Are taps provided to sam	ple clarified water?: (yes/no)		
What is post-clarification	on turbidity?	NTU	
Clarifier flushing			
Is a flush to waste proced	lure used? ☐ yes ☐ no		
Flush frequency (hours):_		Flush volume (gal):	
Clarifiers are flushed with	: □ raw water □ fi	iltered water ☐ finish water	
Is flush water recycled to	headworks?: (yes/no) If yes, pe	ercentage recycled:	
What is recycle water to	urbidity? NT	- ∪	
Which of the following con	ntrols flush frequency? 🗅 Head	loss □ turbidity □ time	
Is air scouring used during	g flushing?: □ yes □ n	no	
Notes:			

Filtration and Backwashing **Filtration Process** Type: □ Other □ Conventional □ Slow Sand Direct Filter manufacturer: Number of filters in use: _______Design flow rate per filter: ______ Width (ft.): Depth (ft.): Length (ft.):_____ Date the filter media was last changed or regenerated: Date filter media was last inspected: Is surface wash used to clean the filters? ☐ no Is air scour used to clean the filters? □ yes ☐ no Is there a turbidity meter on each filter? yes □ no Filter media Type of media* Media Layer Depth of media (in.) 1 (top) 2 3 4 5 (bottom) *Types of media: anthracite, garnet, GAC, sand, gravel, support gravel How is media loss measured? Is media occasionally sent to manufacturer for analysis? Backwashing Backwash frequency (hours):_____ Backwash volume (gal):_____ Does the system backwash with clean water? ☐ yes ☐ no Is the backwash recycled? □ yes Percentage recycled: % 🖵 no Backwash of filters is triggered by which of the following parameters? ☐ Headloss □ Particle Counts ☐ Time Turbidity Is filter to waste used? □ yes 🖵 no What is the average filtered water turbidity? _____ NTU What criteria are used to determine when a filter goes back on line?: Do turbidity records indicate spiking after startup?

Has the system used a particle counter to optimize filter performance?

Will the plant shut down on high turbidity? How high?

Filtration/backwash notes:

Disinfection and Contact Time

Disinfection

Is there a continuous disinfectant analyzer? $\ \square$	yes □ no
Will a lack of disinfectant enable one of the follo	owing? □ generator backup □ automatic shutdown
What is shut down limit?	
Is disinfectant stored and applied safely?	
Describe disinfection system operation.	
Notes:	
<u>Clearwell</u>	
Number of units installed:	Design flow rate per unit:
What is the approximate baffling factor:	(0 for no baffling, 1 for plug flow)
T ₁₀ :(from tracer study)	
Volume per unit (gal):	
Depth (ft.): Width (ft.):	Length (ft.):
Contact Basin	
Number of units installed:	Design flow rate per unit:
Baffling factor:	T ₁₀ :(from tracer study)
Volume per unit (gal):	
Depth (ft.): Width (ft.):	Length (ft.):
Is contact time sufficient?	
Is CT being properly recorded?	
Notes:	

Monitoring and Distribution

Monitoring Equipment

		•		
•	• •	, ,	<u> </u>	
Has the sy				ocess monitoring?
lotes:				
n-Plant Cr	oss Connections			
	cross connections observed?			
-				, drains?
Any conne	ctions to cooming water, boners	, makeap iii	ics, potable supply, noses	, drains:
Distributio	n System			
		ar 20 nei at c	urh stop) in the distribution	n system?
Wilat allu	where is the low pressure (hea	11 20 psi at c	arb stop) in the distribution	1 5y5tem!
How many	limited convice agreements de	and the ever	om hovo?	
•	J	•	•	
•	of the distribution system avail		•	□ no
what are t	he results of the system's hyd	raulic model	·	
Dolow list	the meterials used for nining i	n the distribu	itian and transmission ava	tomo
below, list	the materials used for piping in			
	Transmission Pipe	Length	Distribution Pipe	Length
	Plastic		Plastic	
	Cast iron		Cast iron	
	Ductile iron		Ductile iron	
	Wood		Wood	
	Concrete		Concrete	
	Galvanized Steel		Galvanized Steel	
	AC - Asbestos Cement		AC - Asbestos Cement	
	Copper		Copper	
How often	are the lines flushed?	spring	☐ fall	□ both
Is this syst	em adequate? □ yes	. □ no		
•	bleeder lines are in continuou	s operation?)	
-	ends in the system monitored f			
	hydrants are on the system?		·	ydrants plugged?: (yes/no)
•	e percentage of unaccounted f			

	<u>Distribution (Continuea)</u>				
	Does the system have an active leak detection program?	□ yes	□ no		
	Does the system have a valve exercising program? \Box ye				
	Does the system have a capital improvement plan? \Box ye				
	How many people work on the distribution crew?				
	Is the distribution maintenance crew appropriate for the s	ize of the n	etwork? □ yes	□ no	
	Does the system have interconnections with neighboring	systems or	a contingency	plan for outages?	: (yes/no)
	Notes:				
P	<u>ublic Education</u>				
	Is there an active public education program? yes	☐ no			
	Does the system publish a newsletter/billstuffers/homepa	.ge?			
	Does the system sponsor research at any colleges?			_	
	Does the system have frequent plant tours for schools/cit	izen groups	s?		
<u>S</u>	ystem Storage				
	Name of storage tank:				
	Location of tank				
	Volume of storage (gallons)				
	Type of tank				
	Manufacturer				
	Date of construction				
	Date of last inspection				
	Is the site protected from vandalism?				
	Can the tank be isolated from the system?				
	Are overflows/drains screened properly?				
	General tank condition: (good, bad, ugly)				
4	ow many days of storage does the system have?		day	s	
	otes:				

Cross Connection Control Does the utility have a cross connection program (pop. >1,000)?: Are approved backflow prevention devices installed at the following locations?: Nursing homes Hospitals Dentists' offices Doctors' offices Manufacturing plants □ Auto garages ■ Waste treatment plant ☐ Fire stations Mortuaries / funeral homes How often are these devices checked?: Are double check assemblies installed in all new residential services?: ☐ yes ☐ no Are double check assemblies tested/replaced during meter change out/inspection? □ yes □ no Are meters calibrated according to PUC regulations? ☐ yes ☐ no Sampling **Total Coliform Rule:** How often are bacteria samples taken? How often should samples be taken, based on current population data? Does the D.W.P. have a coliform sampling site plan on file?: Lead and Copper Rule Is the system meeting the action levels (1.3 for Cu, 0.015 for Pb)? **THM monitoring:** (systems over 10,000) Does the system sample for THMs?: _____ Results of recent THM test: Have THM numbers changed due to plant changes? How? **Staff Education** Is system staff encouraged to pursue advanced licenses? Do staff attend industry seminars/meetings?

Is staff active in industry organizations?

Notes: ___

TC monitoring frequency for community water systems

Populati	on range	# of samples per month	
25	1000	1	
1001	2500	2	
2501	3300	3	
3301	4100	4	
4101	4900	5	
4901	5800	6	
5801	6700	7	
6701	7600	8	
7601	8500	9	
8501	12900	10	
12901	17200	15	
17201	21500	20	
21501	25000	25	
25001	33000	30	
33001	41000	40	
41001	50000	50	
50001	59000	60	
59001	70000	70	
70001	83000	80	
83001	96000	90	
96001	130000	100	

<u>Summary of PUC regulations, Chapter 62 re. Meter Testing Frequency</u>
Unless permitted otherwise a water company shall adopt the schedule shown below for routine testing of meters:"

Nominal Size of Meter	<u>Years</u>	Cubic Feet
5/8"	8	100,000
3/4"	8	150,000
1"	8	300,000
1 1/2"	6	-
2"	6	-
3"	4 Field	-
4"	2 Field	-
6"	1 Field	-

Contact Time Worksheet

Step 1: Determine the time available in the basin at peak flow

	Α.	basin volume	gallons
	B.	baffling factor	
	C.	Peak hourly flow	gallons per minute
	D.	Time available	minutes
Step 2:	Dete	rmine the contact time available at peak flow	
	E.	Time (from "D" above)	minutes
	F.	Chlorine concentration	mg/l
	G.	Actual CT	min mg/l
Step 3:	Find	the required CT from the tables at peak flow	
	Н.	Required CT	min mg/l
Step 4:	Does	your water system meet CT requirements?	
	I.	Actual CT (from "G" above)	min mg/l
	J.	Required CT (from "H" above)	min mg/l
	K.	CT ratio (actual / required)	
	L.	Is CT ratio greater than or equal to 1.0 (yes or r	10)?*